

HELSINGIN YLIOPISTO
HELSINGFORS UNIVERSITET
UNIVERSITY OF HELSINKI

FINNISH TEACHER TRAINING AT THE UNIVERSITY LEVEL

The training of subject matter teachers has been conducted at the university level since the early 19th century (Master's degree plus pedagogical studies)

The training of class teachers (primary) was transferred over to be carried out by universities in the early 1970s (Master's degree)

The training of kindergarten teachers in universities began in 1995 (BA, also MA)



HELSINGIN YLIOPISTO HELSINGFORS UNIVERSITET UNIVERSITY OF HELSINKI

SOME BACKGROUND

The level of teacher education in Finland is highest in the world – Master's degree is the requirement

Statistically, more difficult to get in to class teacher education programs (elementary school) than to medical or law school

Elementary teachers stay with the same children for several years – they have 13 subjects to master, even they specialise in two

Music, arts, handicraft, domestic skills and sports are all included in the study plans

Autonomous teachers, short school days, long holidays, hardly any standardised tests until the age of 18

School starts at the age of 7 (preschool between 3-6 yrs)

Reform in national curricula in 2016 and also in teacher education

HOW TO CREATE NEW CULTURES FOR STUDY AND ACADEMIC WORK?









Prof Kirsti Lonka 31.1.2017

Work life calls for collaborative knowledge creation

- We need creative and active citizens,
 able to solve fuzzy problems in teams
- Physical spaces, social settings and technologies either hinder or scaffold our activities
- School engagement is declining drastically
 to be reflected in work engagement
- Are we alienating our youth with our old practices?



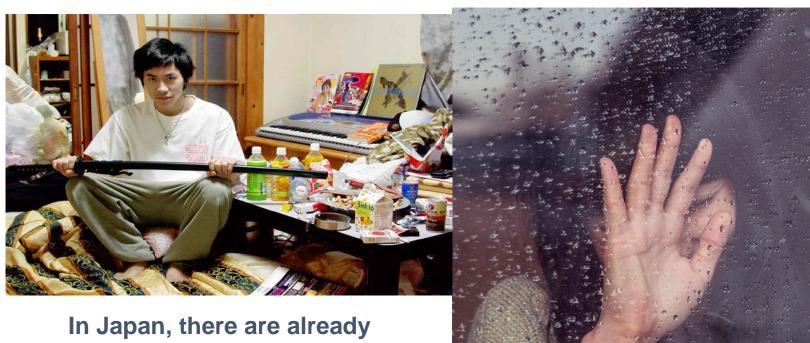




The Finnish 21st Century Skills

- 1) Thinking skills and learning to learn
- 2) Cultural competencies, communications skills and self-expression
- 3) Taking care of oneself and everyday skills
- 4) Multiple literacies
- 5) ICT competencies
- 6) Work life skills and entrepreneurship Basis for National Core Curriculum 2016 to be implemented in school-specific curricula locally.

How to prevent boredom and burn out and support the new generation?



In Japan, there are already 630 000 Hikikomori youth who refuse to come out from their rooms!

What is engagement?

Emotionally - feeling energetic, absorbed, time flies Cognitively - making meaning, being interested, focused Acting in a way that shows keen involvement

What is disengagement?

Exhaustion - feeling tired, lack of energy Cynicism - lack of meaning, alienated Inadequacy - lack of self-efficacy, experience of failure

Engagement of Finnish 12 yr. olds

These results thus revealed that almost half (46%) of the elementary students felt some degree of cynicism towards school, thereby supporting our gap hypothesis: **these groups of cynical students reported that they would be more engaged at school if socio-digital technologies were used at school.** These results indicate that one way to promote the engagement of cynical students might be to offer them the possibility to make greater use of socio-digital technologies at school (Salmela-Aro et al, 2016, link below)

http://www.tandfonline.com/doi/full/10.1080/1740562 9.2015.1107542



HELSINGIN YLIOPISTO HELSINGFORS UNIVERSITET UNIVERSITY OF HELSINKI

Knowledge Practices of "Digital Natives" (Prensky, 2001; Hakkarainen et al., 2015)

Multi-tasking

Reading from screen

Chatting

Gaming

Socio-digital networking

Constantly online

Dependent on mobile devices



Generation Clash?

Baby Boomers



Generation X



Generation Y



Digital Natives Z -



The socio-digital revolution

Socio-digital technologies:

 Refer to recently emerged integrated systems of novel technological tools, social media, and the Internet that enable constant and intensive online-interaction with information, people, and artefacts

Socio-digital participation:

Informal, socio-digitally mediated participatory practices as socio-digital participation

Link to the report for EU Parliament kirstilonka.fi/publications



SOME OF OUR RECENT FINDINGS (TO BE PUBLISHED IN 2017)

- According to Finnish 6th graders in Helsinki area, their teachers were the main source of school engagement. The pupils appreciated their great work in any other sense, expect the readiness to promote their digital engagement (Halonen et al., 2017)
- •Teachers' ideas of learning were related to their ideas of what to promote at school. Those teachers whose main goal was to teach certain facts, did not find critical thinking or creativity relevant at all! Their ideas of assessment were also very traditional. Such teachers were were almost 70% of those Helsinki area subject matter teachers who even participated in our studies (Lonka et al., 2016).
- In order to take a digital leap, we first need to take a pedagogical leap?

How to change the culture of schools, universities and workplaces?

Transform

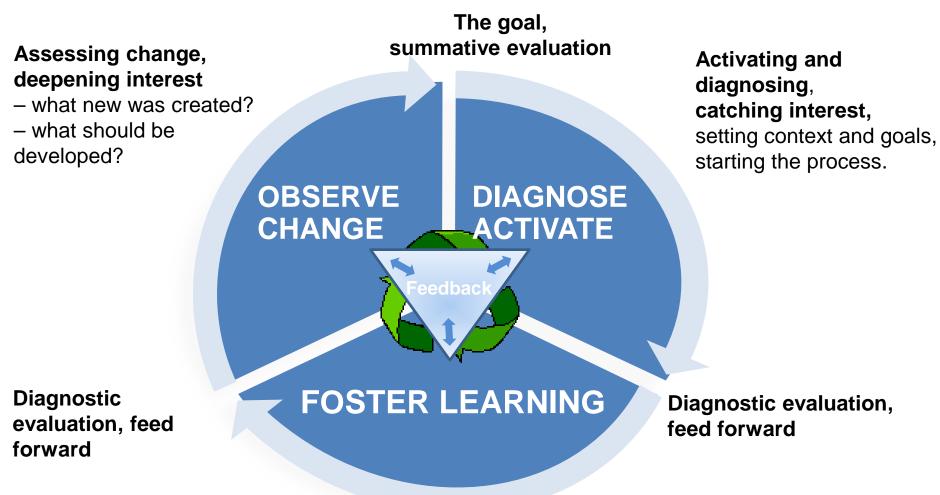
- Physical spaces
- Social practices
- Virtual ways of interacting
- Pedagogical models
- Shared mental models of learning
- Technological solutions and software

From monological culture towards collaborative knowledge creation



Engaging learning model

(Lonka & Ahola, 1995; Lonka, 2012; Lonka & Ketonen, 2012; Lonka, 2015)



Fostering the learning process and reflective thinking, maintaining interest, (face to face, P2P, virtually etc.), creating new knowledge or new practices

Phenomenon-based learning?

- Extensive form of problem-, project-, or inquiry-based learning
- •Starts from a large phenomenon, such as 'Life and Death' or 'Peace and War'
- Integrates topics across disciplines
- Humanities, arts, science, technology
- STEAM science, technology, engineering, arts and mathematics

Engaging Learning Environment - Minerva Plaza (Lonka, 2012)









http://vimeo.com/60818003

Video by Mikko.I.Halonen

ENGAGING LEARNING ENVIRONMENT

FOR FUTURE TEACHERS





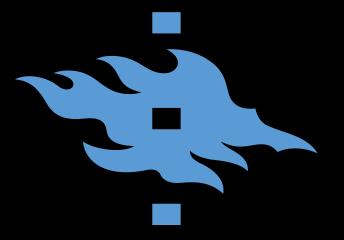




The importance of play, handicraft, sports, music and art – fostering well-being, cognitive development and socio-emotional skills

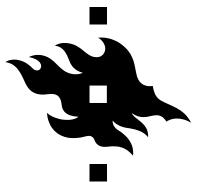






BUT THE SOLUTIONS NEED NOT TO BE EXPENSIVE...

Prof Kirsti Lonka



Flexible places for learning project (2015-2016) IN ESPOO, FINLAND

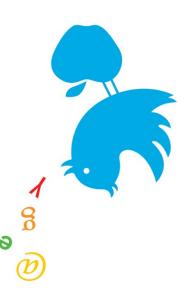


Prof Kirsti Lonka



Flipped learning in Dept of Mathematics, University of Helsinki





Theory is learned from the net, but students come to solve problems together. Freshmen tutored by advanced students

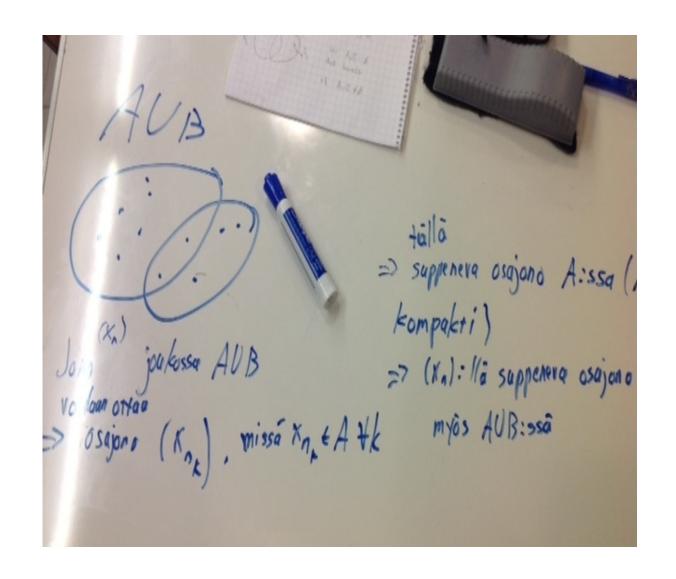
Tutoring is available.



NO HIGH-TECH SOLUTION [©]

All walls and tables of the corridors are painted so that you may draw on them.

Advanced students study on corridoors.



OUR CHALLENGES ARE NOT LOCAL, BUT GLOBAL!



- The same issues are discussed world wide
- There is a gap between schools and outside world and it is widening
- Technologies, digitalisation and automatisation are changing societies and setting new demands for learning
- Intercultural issues are not very well handled we should learn from Canada
- The main problems have to do with reforming teacher education and continuing professional development to promote change



Kirsti Lonka became Board Member of NTUST (National Taiwan University of Science and Technology) Graduate Institute of Digital Learning and Education in 2015

台科大數位學習與教育研究 折國際諮詢委員







31.1.2017

Sustainable Education Design

Pedagogy



Niclas Sandström Kirsti Lonka

Design, architecture



Suvi Nenonen Olavi Koponen

Energy



Veijo Hytti Lassi Linnanen

















blogs.helsinki.fi/mindthegap

facebook.com/mindthegaptutkimus

http://vimeo.com/hufbs/timelapse

Kirstilonka.fi/publications

www.wiredminds.fi/projects/

facebook.com/wiredmindshub

twitter.com/wiredmindshub @kirstilonka #mindga

www.rym.fi







European Parliament (Ed.). 2015. *Innovative Schools: Teaching & Learning in the Digital Era - Workshop Documentation*. Brussels: European Parliament. Pages 5-46. Slides on page 73.

Link on kirstilonka.fi/publications:

http://www.europarl.europa.eu/RegData/etu des/STUD/2015/563389/IPOL_STU%282015%29 563389_EN.pd

Some references

- Hakkarainen, K. (2009). A knowledge-practice perspective on technology-mediated learning. *International Journal of Computer-Supported Collaborative Learning*, 4(2), 213-231.
- Hietajärvi, L., Nuorteva, M., Tuominen-Soini, H., Hakkarainen, K., Salmela-Aro, K., & Lonka, K. (2014). Kuudesluokkalaisten nuorten sosiodigitaalinen osallistuminen, kiinnostuksen kohteet ja kouluhyvinvointi. [Sixth-graders' socio-digital participation, interests and academic well-being]. Kasvatus [The Finnish Journal of Education], 45, 429-443.
- Hietajärvi, L., Tuominen-Soini, H., Hakkarainen, K., Salmela-Aro, K. & Lonka, K. (2015). Is student motivation related to sociodigital participation? A person-oriented approach. Elsevier Procedia Social and Behavioral Sciences.
- •Litmanen, T., Lonka, K., Inkinen, M., Lipponen, L. & Hakkarainen, K. (2012). Capturing teacher students' emotional experiences in context: does inquiry-based learning make a difference? Instructional Science, 40, 1083-1101.
- Lonka, K. (2011) In S. Tierney (Ed.) Innovate! Collective wisdom for innovative schools (pp. 32-35) USA: Partners in Learning School Program. Worldwide Public Sector Education, Microsoft.

•Lonka, K. (2012) Engaging Learning Environments for the Future. The 2012 Elizabeth W. Stone Lecture. In R. Gwyer, R. Stubbiftgs, & Graham Walton (Eds.) The road to information literacy. Librarians as facilitators of learning. IFLA (The International Federation of Library Associations and Institutions). (p. 15-30.) Publications 157. De Gruyter Saur.

http://www.ifla.org/news/new-publication-the-road-to-information-literacy-librarians-as-facilitators-of-learning

- •Lonka, K. & Ketonen, E. (2012). How to make a lecture course an engaging learning experience? Studies for the Learning Society, 2, 63–74. http://versita.metapress.com/content/6604263706320662/fulltext.pdf
- Paavola, S., Lipponen, L., & Hakkarainen, K. (2004). Models of innovative knowledge communities and three metaphors of learning. Review of Educational Research, 74(4), 557-576.
- Tolvanen, A., Kiuru, N., Hakkarainen, K. Lonka, K., Inkinen, M & Salmela-Aro, K. (2011) Estimation of nonlinear growth component in multilevel modeling: A research application in the daily dynamics of competence, challenge and affects. International Journal of Behavioral Development, 35(4), 370-379.
- Doctoral dissertations (https://ethesis.helsinki.fi/): Search by name: Annamari Heikkilä (2011), Juha Nieminen (2011), Jenni Stubb (2012), Jenna Vekkaila (2014), Markus Talvio (2014) Topi Litmanen (8/2015), Amandeep Dhir 6/2015, Jaakko Hilppö (2016), Antti Rajala (2016)

Some latest 2016 publications

- Dhir, A., Kaur, P., Chen, S. & Lonka, K. (accepted with revisions) Understanding Online Regret Experience in Facebook Use Effects of Community Participation, Technology Accessibility & Problematic Use. *Computers in Human Behavior*.
- Dhir, A., Kaur, P., Lonka, K., & Nieminen, M. (2016). Why do adolescents untag photos on Facebook? *Computers in Human Behavior*, 55, 1106-1115.
- Salmela-Aro, K., Muotka, J., Alho, K., Hakkarainen, K. & Lonka, K. (in press). School burnout and engagement profiles among digital natives in Finland: a person-oriented approach. European Journal of Developmental Psychology. DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/17405629.2015.1107542
- Sandström, N., Eriksson, R., Lonka, K. & Nenonen, S. (2016). Usability and Affordances for Inquiry-Based Learning in a Blended Learning Environment. *Facilities*, 34, 7/8.
- Moisala, M., V. Salmela, L. Hietajärvi, E. Salo, S. Carlson, O. Salonen, K. Lonka, K. Hakkarainen, Katariina Salmela-Aro, and Alho, K. (2016) Media multitasking is associated with distractibility and increased prefrontal activity in adolescents and young adults. *NeuroImage* 134, 113-121.
- Salmela-Aro, K., Upadyaya, K., Hakkarainen, K., Lonka, K., & Alho, K. (2016). The dark side of internet use: two longitudinal studies of excessive internet use, depressive symptoms, school burnout and engagement among Finnish early and late adolescents. *Journal of youth and* adolescence, 1-15.
- Talvio, M., Lonka, K., Komulainen, E., Kuusela, M., and Lintunen, T. (in press). The development of teachers' responses to challenging situations during interactions training. *Teacher Development*, 19 (1), 97-115. DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/13664530.2014.979298
- Talvio, M., Berg, M., Komulainen, E. & Lonka, K. (in press). Exploring the coherence of the goals achieved through a youth development programme. *Procedia: Social and Behavioral Sciences*, 1877-0428.